3.2.21

LO: Percentage increases and decreases

Please use the **bar model** method to calculate these answers, show and share your workings and remember the units of measure in your answer (which should be displayed clearly).

| Korma | | Madras | | Vindaloo | |
|-------|--|--------|---|----------|--|
| 1) | A fridge costs £200. In a sale, there is 10% off. How | 1) | A microwave costs £120. In a sale, there is 30% off. How much does it cost | 1) | A DVD player costs £45. In a sale, there is 70% off. How much does it cost |
| | now? | | now? | | now? |
| 2) | A snake measures 120cm. It grows by 20%. How long is it now? | 2) | A man weighs 80kg. He puts on 20% of his original weight. How much does | 2) | A race course is 2.7km. As a punishment I have to run an extra 40%. How far do I |
| 3) | I have £900. I put it in the | | he now weigh? | | now have to run? |
| | bank and get 10% interest added – how much do I now have in my account?) | 3) | I have £980 in the bank and get 5% interest added. How much do I now have? | 3) | I have £1080 in the bank and get 3% interest added. How much do I now have? |
| 4) | A sausage is 30cm long. I eat 30% of it. How much sausage is left? | 4) | A cola bottle holds 2000 ml. 1 drink 60% of it. How much is now in the bottle? | 4) | A tanker holds 5000 gallons of oil. It delivers 35% to its first customer. It then delivers 15% of what is left to its next customer. How much is left in the tanker? |

Extension Question



What can you buy to get as close as you can to a total of $\pounds 25$?